

F3

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT OBJECTIVES, OUTCOMES & OTHER REPORTING INSTRUCTIONS

HUD CPD Outcome Performance Measurement System

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Based on the intent when funding an activity, grantees (cities) will determine which of the three objectives best describes the purpose of the activity. The objectives will appear on an IDIS screen and the grantee (city) will choose from the options presented. The three objectives are:

Suitable Living Environment - In general, this objective relates to activities that are designed to benefit communities, families or individuals by addressing issues in their living environment.

Decent Housing - The activities that typically would be found under this objective are designed to cover the wide range of housing possible under HOME, CDBG, HOPWA, NSP or ESG. This objective focuses on housing programs where the purpose of the program is to meet individual family or community needs and not programs where housing is an element of a larger effort, since such programs would be more appropriately reported under Suitable Living Environment.

Creating Economic Opportunities - This objective applies to the types of activities related to economic development, commercial revitalization or job creation.

Once the objective for the activity is selected, the grantee will then choose which of the three outcome categories best reflects what they are seeking to achieve by funding that activity, and then enter the outcome on the appropriate IDIS screen. It is important that the data are not diluted by too much information. Therefore, grantees are encouraged to report which one of the three outcomes is most appropriate for its activity. However, if the grantee believes that two outcomes of equal importance will be realized, then a second outcome may also be selected. The three outcome categories are:

Availability/Accessibility. This outcome category applies to activities that make services, infrastructure, public services, public facilities, housing or shelter available or accessible to low- and moderate-income people, including persons with disabilities. In this category, accessibility does not refer only to physical barriers, but also to making the affordable basics of daily living available and accessible to low- and moderate-income people where they live.

Affordability. This outcome category applies to activities that provide affordability in a variety of ways in the lives of low- and moderate-income people. It can include the creation or maintenance of affordable housing, basic infrastructure hook-ups or services such as transportation or day care.

Sustainability: Promoting Livable or Viable Communities. This outcome applies to projects where the activity or activities are aimed at improving communities or neighborhoods, helping to make them livable or viable by providing benefit to persons of low- and moderate-income or by

removing or eliminating slums or blighted areas, through multiple activities or services that sustain communities or neighborhoods.

Each outcome category can be connected to each of the overarching objectives, resulting in a total of nine groups of outcome/objective statements under which grantees would report the activity or project data to document the results of their activities or projects. Each activity will provide one of the following statements, although sometimes an adjective such as new, improved or corrective may be appropriate to refine the outcome statement.

- Accessibility for the purpose of creating suitable living environments
- Accessibility for the purpose of providing decent affordable housing
- Accessibility for the purpose of creating economic opportunities
- Affordability for the purpose of creating suitable living environments
- Affordability for the purpose of providing decent affordable housing
- Affordability for the purpose of creating economic opportunities
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating suitable living environments
- Sustainability for the purpose of providing decent affordable housing
- Sustainability for the purpose of creating economic opportunity

Based on the objectives and outcomes selected, and, in the case of CDBG activities the national objective selected, IDIS will identify the specific indicators for each activity. Only the specific indicators appropriate for that activity will be available for cities to report. Thus, the process of identifying and selecting indicators will be minimized. The objective and outcomes will combine with the activity indicator data to produce statements of national significance regarding the results of the activity.

The specific indicators are described in this notice. Cities are reminded that these indicators will be incorporated into IDIS and, therefore, will appear on screens and not in the written format shown here. Grantees will only report this data if the indicator is a requirement of the program from which the activity is funded.

There are certain data elements commonly reported by all programs, although each of the four programs may require different specificity or may not require each element listed below. Grantees will only report the information required for each program, as currently required. No new reporting requirements are being imposed for program activities that do not currently collect these data elements. The elements include:

- Amount of money leveraged (from other federal, state, local and private sources) per activity;
- Number of persons, households, units or beds assisted, as appropriate;
- Income levels of persons or households by: 30 percent, 50 percent, 60 percent or 80 percent of area median income, per applicable program requirements. However, if a CDBG activity benefits a target area, that activity will show the total number of persons served and the percentage of low/mod persons served. Note that this requirement is not applicable for economic development activities awarding funding on a “made available basis;”

- Race, ethnicity and disability (for activities in programs that currently report these data elements)

HUD will combine the objectives, outcomes and data reported for the indicators to produce outcome narratives that will be comprehensive and will demonstrate the benefits that result from the expenditure of these federal funds.

This system maintains the flexibility of the block grant programs, as the objectives, outcomes and indicators will be determined by the grantees, based on the intent of the activities they choose to fund. The standardized format provides that reporting will be uniform, and therefore the achievements of these programs can be aggregated for each grantee locally and for all grantees at the national level.

Specific Outcome Indicators

1) Public facility or infrastructure activities

Number of persons assisted:

- with new access to a public facility or infrastructure benefit
- with improved access to a public facility or infrastructure benefit
- where activity was used to meet a quality standard or measurably improved quality, report the number that no longer only have access to a substandard facility or infrastructure

2) Public service activities

Number of persons assisted:

- with new access to a service
- with improved access to a service
- where activity was used to meet a quality standard or measurably improved quality, report the number that no longer only have access to substandard service

3) Activities are part of a geographically targeted revitalization effort (Y/N)?

If Yes (check one)

- Comprehensive
- Commercial
- Housing
- Other

Choose all the indicators that apply, or at least 3 indicators if the effort is (a) Comprehensive.

- Number of new businesses assisted
- Number of businesses retained
- Number of jobs created or retained in target area
- Amount of money leveraged (from other public or private sources)

- Number of low- or moderate-income (LMI) persons served
- Slum/blight demolition
- Number of LMI households assisted
- Number of acres of remediated brownfields
- Number of households with new or improved access to public facilities/services
- Number of commercial façade treatments/business building rehabs
- Optional indicators a grantee may elect to use include crime rates, property value change, housing code violations, business occupancy rates, employment rates, homeownership rates (optional)

4) Number of commercial façade treatments/business building rehabs (site, not target area based)

5) Number of acres of brownfields remediated (site, not target area based)

6) New rental units constructed per project or activity

Total number of units:

Of total:

- Number affordable
- Number section 504 accessible
- Number qualified as Energy Star

Of the affordable units:

- Number occupied by elderly
- Number subsidized with project-based rental assistance (federal, state or local program)
- Number of years of affordability
- Number of housing units designated for persons with HIV/AIDS, including those units receiving assistance for operations
 - Of those, number of units for the chronically homeless
- Number of units of permanent housing designated for homeless persons and families, including those units receiving assistance for operations
 - Of those, number of units for the chronically homeless

7) Rental units rehabilitated

Total number of units:

Of total:

- Number affordable
- Number section 504 accessible
- Number of units created through conversion of nonresidential buildings to residential buildings
- Number brought from substandard to standard condition (HQS or local code)

- Number qualified as Energy Star
- Number brought into compliance with lead safe housing rule (24 CFR part 35)

Of those affordable:

- Number occupied by elderly
- Number subsidized with project-based rental assistance (federal, state or local program)
- Number of years of affordability
- Number of housing units designated for persons with HIV/AIDS, including those units receiving assistance for operations
 - Of those, the number of units for the chronically homeless
- Number of units of permanent housing for homeless persons and families, including those units receiving assistance for operations
 - Of those, number of units for the chronically homeless

8) Homeownership Units Constructed, Acquired and/or Acquired with Rehabilitation (per project or activity)

Total number of units

Of those:

- Number of affordable units
- Number of years of affordability
- Number qualified as Energy Star
- Number section 504 accessible
- Number of households previously living in subsidized housing

Of those affordable:

- Number occupied by elderly
- Number specifically designated for persons with HIV/AIDS
 - Of those, the number specifically for chronically homeless
- Number specifically designated for homeless
 - Of those, number specifically for chronically homeless

9) Owner occupied units rehabilitated or improved

Total number of units:

- Number occupied by elderly
- Number of units brought from substandard to standard condition (HQS or local code)
- Number qualified as Energy Star
- Number of units brought into compliance with lead safe housing rule (24 CFR part 35)
- Number of units made accessible for persons with disabilities

10) Direct Financial Assistance to homebuyers

- Number of first-time homebuyers
 - Of those, number receiving housing counseling
- Number receiving down-payment assistance/closing costs

11) Tenant-Based Rental Assistance

Total Number of Households:

Of those:

- Number with short-term rental assistance (less than 12 months)
- Number of homeless households
 - Of those, number of chronically homeless households

12) Number of homeless persons given overnight shelter

13) Number of beds created in overnight shelter or other emergency housing

14) Homelessness Prevention

- Number of households that received emergency financial assistance to prevent homelessness
- Number of households that received emergency legal assistance to prevent homelessness

15) Jobs created

Total number of jobs:

- Employer-sponsored health care (Y/N)
- Type of jobs created (use existing Economic Development Administration (EDA) classification)
- Employment status before taking job created:
- Number of unemployed _____

16) Jobs retained

Total number of jobs:

- Employer-sponsored health care benefits

17) Businesses assisted

Total businesses assisted:

- New businesses assisted
- Existing businesses assisted
 - Of those:

- Business expansions
- Business relocations
- DUNS number(s) of businesses assisted

(HUD will use the DUNS numbers to track number of new businesses that remain operational for 3 years after assistance)

18) Does assisted business provide a good or service to meet needs of service area/neighborhood /community (to be determined by community)?