Changes in behavior and dress can be a normal part of adolescence or an indication that something is wrong. Know the difference by being an involved parent.

Get Involved! Become aware of what’s going on in your neighborhood and community. When incidents, such as vandalism, loitering, and suspected drug activity occur, report them to the police immediately. Through the Mesa Gang Information line (480) 644-GANG (644-4264) or the Silent Witness line (480) 644-2274, the incidents may be reported anonymously; you need not give your name.

Graffiti is a territorial marker for gang members. When you see graffiti on block walls, houses, sidewalks and businesses, report it to the Mesa Graffiti Paint-Out Program at (480) 644-3083. The city will remove graffiti for free on public property and, with permission from owners, private property as well.

Important Phone Numbers:

Mesa Graffiti Paint-Out Hotline
(480) 644-3083

Silent Witness
(480) 948-6377

Mesa Police Non-Emergency
(480) 644-2211

Mesa Police Department Information
(480) 644-2324

Signs of Possible Gang Involvement

Physical Signs:
- Change in style of dressing
- Extreme or strange hair styles
- Tattoos
- Suddenly beginning to use or over-use makeup

Behavior signs:
- Poor school and/or work attendance
- Little or no participation in family activities
- Use of different, unfamiliar words
- Associating with known gang members or known criminals
- Staying out later than usual
- Wanting to be alone all the time
- Starting to drink alcohol or use drugs
- Having money or buying things without a source of income
- Unusual moods or patterns of behavior

Non-verbal communication signs:
- Highly stylized or strange writing
- Graffiti style writing on notebooks, books or papers
- Using hand signals

Don’t jump to conclusions. Even if your child exhibits some of the “signs” it doesn’t necessarily mean that he or she is involved with a gang. Talk to them first; then talk to someone who can give you more information.
Intimidation: Threats, violent beatings and dangerous initiations are often used to force people to join.

Self Esteem: Students with poor self-esteem may be trying to improve their self-image. These young people want recognition for their activities, whether criminal or not. Gangs may supply an extra pat on the back that may not be given at home or school. Many do not realize the hazards involved in gang activity.

Other Reasons: There are a variety of personal reasons why young people join gangs. They include the excitement of gang activity, a need to belong, peer pressure, to get attention, for financial gain, and family tradition.

What Can You Do?
You need to be aware of changes in your children, such as in the way they dress, in their selection of friends and/or in their behavior.

Pay attention to what is going on in your child's life. Truancy, violence and disregard for persons or property may be indications of possible gang involvement.

Extra money. If your child has purchased new and expensive items or has extra money that cannot be accounted for, it should raise flags that something is going on.

Why Young People Get Involved in Gangs
Young people from various ethnic and socio-economic groups are joining gangs. No ethnic group or geographical location is excluded.

The ages of gang members range from 13 to 21 years. Interviews of gang members indicate that the reasons for joining gangs are seldom understood by the gang members themselves, but can vary from the brotherhood therein to self-preservation, as listed below.

Identity: Gang members may not be able to identify with their environment, so they turn to the gang culture. They often visualize themselves as warriors against the outside world, protecting their neighborhoods.

Protection: In a community with several existing gangs, joining one seems to offer protection from violence and attack from rival gangs.

Fellowship: Studies indicate that some gang members may not have tight family structures. Gang activity offers closeness and a sense of family sometimes lacking in the home.